

Models 31800-Series 31801-Series

INDUSTRIAL DIAPHRAGM PUMPS 4 GPM/15 LPM

FEATURES

- Self-Priming
- Can run dry without damage
- Flow to 4 GPM/15 LPM
- Thermal Overload Protected Motor
- Snap-in 1/2" Dia. Port Adaptors
- Easy Installation
- Low Amp Draw
- Compact Size
- Quiet Running

 C Conforms to Electromagnetic Compatibility 89/336/EEC and Machinery Directive 89/392/EEC

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Pump Body: Glass Filled Polypropylene

Elastomers: Diaphragm made of Santoprene*

Valves made of Viton**

Hardware: 316 Stainless Steel

Pump Design: Multi-Chamber Diaphragm
Suction Lift: Self-Priming to 10 ft (3m) (wet)

5 ft. (1.5m) (dry)

Ports: 1/2" (13mm) Hose Barb

and 1/2" (13mm) Straight Pipe Thread

Motor: Permanent Magnet with Thermal

Overload Protection

Shipping Weight: 5.5 lb (2.5 kg) approx. (12/24 V models) **Duty Cycle:** Continuous at 15 psi (1 bar) and 70°F

(21°C) ambient temperature

Temperature: Liquid temperature range is 45°F to 130°F

(7°C to 54°C)

Viscosity: 250 cP maximum

APPLICATIONS

This pump provides excellent service in the following applications.

CONSTRUCTION – Water supply pump to the spray bars of road rollers and other compaction equipment, street sweepers, and truck mounted dust control systems. Superior equipment washdown results can be enjoyed with the 30801-Series pumps.

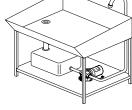
AGRICULTURAL – Supply pump for herbicide and pesticide sprayers and sprayboom equipment.

NOTE: Viton equipped models are not suitable for potable water applications.





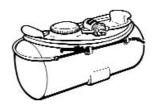


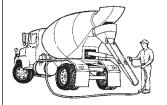


Models 31800, 31801 Series

Road Rollers

Parts Washing





Spray Equipment

Construction Equipment Washdown

INDUSTRIAL – Fluid transfer applications for mild acids and bases. Chemical feed pump. Washing fluid supply pump in parts washing systems. Machine coolant pump. Concrete saw lubricant supply pump. Recirculating pump in filtering systems.

C € Models	Flow GPM (LPM)			Pressure Switch Settings Nominal psi (bar) Cut-In Cut-Out		Recommended Fuse/Breaker† Sizes
31800-0092	4(15,1)	12 Vdc	N/A	N/A	6	10
31800-0094	4(15,1)	24 Vdc	N/A	N/A	3	7
31801-0092	4(15,1)	12 Vdc	20(1.4)	40(2.8)	6	10
31801-0094	4(15,1)	24 Vdc	20(1.4)	40(2.8)	3	7

[†] Not included with pump.

^{*} Viton is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers L.L.C.

^{**} Santoprene is a registered trademark of Monsanto.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

- MOUNTING JABSCO diaphragm pumps are self-priming and may be located in a dry location above or below the fluid supply. To vertically mount these units, it is best to do so with the motor on top. This will prevent fluid dripping on the motor in the event of a leak. PLACE PUMP ON A SOLID SURFACE AND SECURE WITH FOUR MOUNTING SCREWS BEING CAREFUL NOT TO FULLY COMPRESS THE RUBBER GROMMETS WHICH ACT AS SHOCK ABSORBERS.
- 2. PLUMBING Port adaptors are supplied to fit 1/2" (13 mm) dia. ID hose or 1/2" (13mm) dia. straight pipe threads. Use Teflon* (PTFE) type tape when threading straight pipe threads to tapered pipe threads. Select two of the port adaptors supplied to match your plumbing system. FLEXIBLE HOSE OR TUBING IS RECOMMENDED INSTEAD OF RIGID PIPING AT PUMP. If you choose to use rigid piping, provide a short length of hose between pipe and the pump to avoid noise and vibration. Use clamps at both ends of hose to prevent air leaks. NOTE: Intake hose should be at least 1/2" (13mm) ID reinforced hose. A 40 mesh strainer should be installed at the pump inlet to keep debris out of the pump. Avoid any kinks or fittings which could cause excessive restrictions. Remember to periodically clean "Pumpgard" screens.



Explosion hazard. Do no pump gasoline, solvents, thinners or other flammable liquids. To do so can cause an explosion resulting in injury or death.

 WIRING DC MODELS – In an easily accessible location, install an "on-off" switch (Jabsco 44960-Series) to control electricity to the pump. Turn the pump off when not used for extended periods, or when fluid supply is depleted.

The electrical circuit should be protected with an overcurrent protection device in the positive lead. See chart for proper size. The pump circuit should not include any other electrical loads. The open terminal on the pressure switch is positive. Black Wire from the motor is negative, orange is positive.

Select wire size from chart below. Use total length of wire from electrical source to pump and return. Chart allows for 3% voltage drop. If in doubt, use next larger wire size.

Recommended Wire Sizes

	Total Wire Length – feet (meters)							
Pump	0-20	20-35	35-55					
Voltage	(0-6)	(6-11)	(11-17)					
12 Volt	#14 AWG	#12 AWG	#10 AWG					
	(2.5 mm ²)	(4 mm ²)	(6 mm ²)					
24 Volt	#16 AWG	#14 AWG	#12 AWG					
	(1.5 mm ²)	(2.5 mm ²)	(4 mm ²)					

NOTE: If operating pressure exceeds 40 psi (2.8 bar), a pressure relief valve should be installed in the system.



Fire hazard. Wiring must comply with applicable electrical standards and include a properly sized fuse or circuit breaker. Improper wiring can cause a fire resulting in injury or death.

IF YOU ARE NOT FAMILIAR WITH APPLICABLE ELECTRICAL STANDARDS, HAVE THE UNIT INSTALLED BY A QUALIFIED ELECTRICIAN.

After installation, check the voltage at the pump motor. Voltage should be checked when pump is operating. Full voltage must be available at the pump motor at all times.

- **4. SELF-PRIMING** Pump is self-priming. Vertical dry lift capacity is 10 feet (3m) (wet) 5 ft (1.5m) (dry) min. Be sure suction piping is airtight or pump will not self-prime.
- RUNNING DRY Pump can run dry indefinitely without damage.
- 6. CHEMICAL COMPATIBILITY Fluids being pumped must be compatible with the materials of construction. Consult factory for Chemical Compatibility Guide. Pump should be flushed with clean water or neutralizing solution after each use to prolong pump life.
- PRESSURE Maximum continuous duty discharge pressure is 15 psi.
- **8. TEMPERATURE** The maximum recommended fluid temperature is 130°F (54°C.) Minimum recommended fluid temperature is 45°F (7°C).
- VISCOSITY The maximum pumped fluid viscosity is 250 centipoise.
- 10. DUTY CYCLE Motor and pump are designed for continuous operation in a 70°F (21°C) environment while pumping against 15 psi (1.05 bar) discharge pressure. Beyond these parameters, an intermitted duty cycle is recommended to maximize pump life. In normal operation, motor case will get hot. Prolonged contact with motor could cause a burn on human skin.
- 11. START-UP AND OPERATION Check level of fluid in supply tank. Open all valves in system. Switch pump electrical circuit to "on" position. Flow will become steady as air is bled from system. For pumps equipped with pressure switch, close discharge valve after flow becomes steady fluid stream. Pump should shut off soon after closing valve. Pump is now ready for automatic operation. Pump will start when valve is opened and stop upon closure of valve. If pump is to be inoperative for a considerable period of time, flush pump with water, turn off electrical circuit to pump, and bleed system pressure by opening discharge valve.

SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

Before servicing pump, turn off electrical power and open discharge valve to relieve pressure in pump. Neutralize any chemicals prior to disassembly.

PUMP DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove power from pump. Push port clips back and disconnect plumbing from pump.
- 2. Remove the four (4) pumphead screws..
- Rotate pumphead until cam/bearing set screw is visible through drain notch.
- Loosen cam/bearing set screw and slide pump off motor shaft.
- Separate upper housing, lower housing, and check valve assembly as required.

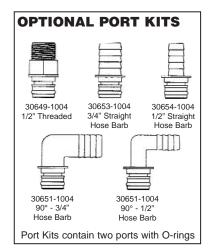
^{*} TEFLON is a registered trademark of E.I. DuPont de Nemours and Company.

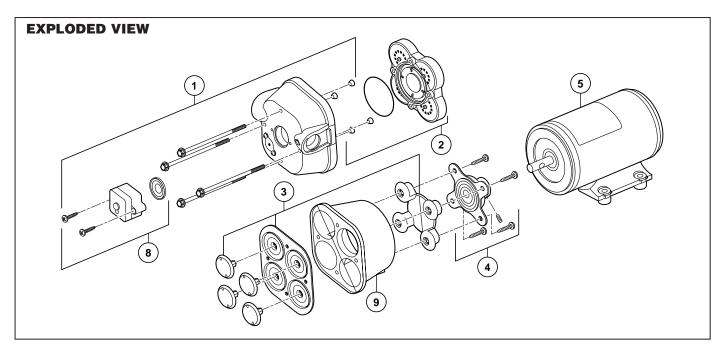
PUMP ASSEMBLY

- 1. Install new outer piston in lower housing with piston tops pointing away from motor.
- Install new diaphragm in lower housing with the molded o-ring seals facing away from motor.
- Insert each inner piston through the diaphragm into outer piston.
- 4. Turn each piston until fully seated.
- Secure cam/bearing assembly to outer piston using 18 in-lb (21 kg-cm) torque.
- Slide lower housing on motor shaft. Align set screw with motor shaft indentation.
- Set screw MUST be positioned over shaft indentation and secured tightly.
- Check that ferrules are installed in upper housing and O-ring is properly seated.
- 9. Install check valve assembly in upper housing and fit upper and lower housings together.
- 10. Align pumphead with motor and tighten four (4) screws evenly using 25 in-lb (29 kg-cm) of torque.

SWITCH REPLACEMENT

- Remove power from pump. Relieve system pressure. Disconnect inlet and outlet hoses.
- 2. Remove pressure switch cover and disconnect power leads from switch.
- 3. Remove switch and switch diaphragm from pump by removing two (2) switch mounting screws.
- Replace switch diaphragm and switch. Reassemble in reverse order.
- 5. Do not over tighten switch mounting screws.

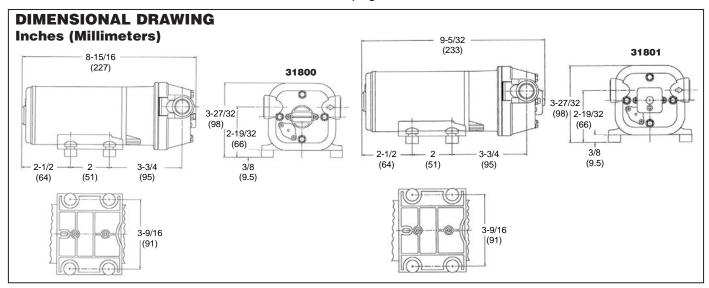




PARTS LIST

Model	① Upper Housing Kit	② Check Valve Kit	③ Diaphragm Kit	(4) Cam/Bearing Kit	5 Motor Kit	8 Pressure Switch Kit
31800-0092 31800-0094 31801-0092 31801-0094	18910-4019 18910-4019 18910-4007 18910-4007	18911-7020 18911-7020 18911-7020 18911-7020	18912-3040 18912-3040 18912-3040 18912-3040	18913-0002 18913-0002 18913-0002 18913-0002	18919-0111 18919-1037 18919-0111 18919-1037	- 18916-0103 18916-0103

Bearing cover (9) not included in diaphragm Kit (3).



TROUBLESHOOTING

PULSATING FLOW, PUMP CYCLES ON AND OFF

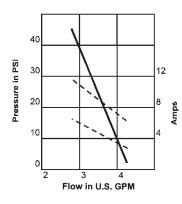
Restricted pump delivery.
 Check discharge lines, fittings and valves for undersizing or clogging.

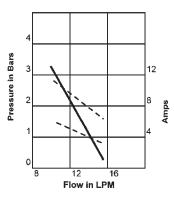
MOTOR OPERATES, BUT PUMP FAILS TO PRIME

- Restricted intake or discharge line.
- Air leak in intake line.
- Punctured pump diaphragm.
- Debris under flapper valves.
- Crack in pump housing.

PERFORMANCE CURVES

NOTE: Curve shows approximate Head-Flow for new pump transferring water.





Jabsco

MOTOR FAILS TO TURN ON

- Loose wiring connection.
- Pump circuit has no power.
- Blown fuse/ Thermal Protector tripped.
- Pressure switch failure.
- Defective motor.

PUMP FAILS TO TURN OFF AFTER ALL VALVES ARE CLOSED.

- Empty water tank.
- Punctured pump diaphragm.
- Discharge line leak.
- Defective pressure switch.
- Insufficient voltage to pump.
- Debris under flapper valves.

LOW FLOW AND PRESSURE

- Air leak at pump intake.
- Accumulation of debris inside pump and plumbing.
- Worn pump bearing (excessive noise).
- Punctured pump diaphragm.
- Defective motor.

overload protected motors. The motor will automatically shut off as temperature rises due to an overload condition. If the motor shuts off in this manner, close all nozzles, faucets or valves. After a cooling off period, the pump will automatically re-start.